

PRESS RELEASE

Interbrew reports strong results for 2001

Brussels, 13 March 2002

Today Interbrew, *The World's Local Brewer®*, published its 2001 results. Compared to the figures reported for 2000, net after-tax profits before extraordinary results increased 65% to €537 million (including Bass Brewers' UK beer business). EBITDA increased 28% to €1,533 million, with organic growth exceeding Interbrew's 8% target. Earnings per share before goodwill amortisation increased 19% to €1.44, well exceeding the 12% target. Interbrew intends to pay a dividend of €0.29, up 38% on 2000. Interbrew's results, its sound financial structure and the successful execution of its strategy provide a solid basis for continued value creation for shareholders. Interbrew confirms its long-term target of double-digit average annual growth in EPS before goodwill between 2000 and 2004.

Interbrew fully IAS compliant as of 2001

As announced at the time of the IPO, Interbrew is now reporting its financial results under International Accounting Standards (IAS). In order to allow full transparency and comparison with last year's results, the table below provides Interbrew's consolidated key figures, fully IAS compliant for 2001 and restated to IAS for 2000.

The auditors have confirmed that their audit work, which has substantially been completed, did not reveal any significant changes to be made to the financial information, included in the press release.

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	2000 as reported	2000 IAS restated	2001 IAS compliant	∆%
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(2)(3)
Volume ⁽¹⁾	69.8	69.8	90.2	29.2
Net turnover ^{(2) (3)}	5,657	5,657	7,303	29.1
EBITDA ⁽³⁾	1,199	1,156	1,533	32.6
EBIT ⁽³⁾	644	533	884	65.8
Net profit ^{(3) (4)}	325	271	537	98.2
EPS ⁽⁵⁾	1.21	1.04	1.44	38.5
ROIC (%)	11.7	11.4	11.4	0.0

Consolidated key figures, including Bass UK

⁽¹⁾ Million HL, excluding pro rata FEMSA volumes

⁽²⁾ EUR million; presented as net of excise duties

⁽³⁾ EUR million

⁽⁴⁾ before Bass goodwill impairment

⁽⁵⁾ EPS in EUR before goodwill amortisation, based on the average outstanding number of shares



Full year results reflect sustained growth of overall business

All numbers hereinafter are stated on a fully IAS compliant basis and <u>excluding</u> Bass Brewers' UK beer business.

Interbrew's net turnover for 2001 increased by 16% to \in 5,761 million, including organic growth of about 8%, the rest being attributable to the impact of a full year Interbrew UK and the integration of Diebels and Rogan. Volume increased more than 15% to 73 million HI, organic volume growth was only 1.6% yet organic net turnover increased 8% indicating Interbrew's focus on value growth. EBITDA increased 15% to \in 1,193 million, including an organic growth increase in excess of 8%. Interbrew achieved an improvement in operating profit margin from 9.7% to 12.3%, and ROIC increased by an additional 0.9 %.

"We have once again delivered on our promises by meeting and exceeding our targets and expectations; by introducing IAS reporting efficiently; and by continuing to be prudent whilst achieving outstanding growth." says Hugo Powell, CEO of Interbrew. "We are fully committed to delivering sustained value creation for our shareholders through our operational excellence, through sustained organic growth and through the successful execution of our acquisition strategy, and we stand by our long-term financial targets."

	2000	2001	
	IAS restated	IAS compliant	∆ %
Volume ⁽¹⁾	63.3	73.1	15.5
Net turnover ^{(2) (3)}	4,962	5,761	16.1
EBITDA ⁽³⁾	1,039	1,193	14.8
EBIT ⁽³⁾	482	708	46.8
Net profit ^{(3) (4)}	263	484	83.8
EPS ⁽⁵⁾	0.97	1.26	30.3
ROIC (%)	13.0	14.0	0.9

Consolidated key figures, excluding Bass UK

⁽¹⁾ Million HL, excluding pro rata FEMSA volumes

⁽²⁾ EUR million; presented as net of excise duties

⁽³⁾ EUR million

⁽⁴⁾ before Bass goodwill impairment

⁽⁵⁾ EPS in EUR before goodwill amortisation, based on the average outstanding number of shares

Interbrew's strategic vision drives growth and value creation

Interbrew's unique vision, to be *The World's Local Brewer*[©], is realised through the parallel and simultaneous execution of four core strategic themes:

- building and leveraging strong local platforms to drive profitable growth in the different geographies;
- building and developing a broad brand portfolio, which allows access to all segments of the market;
- maintaining a careful balance of exposure to mature and emerging market positions, thus realising a **superior risk-return** profile; and
- taking active part in the **consolidation** of the world brewing industry.



During 2001 Interbrew brought certainty and stability to its UK operations, first with regulatory approval for the retention of the Scotland and Northern Ireland elements of the Bass UK business, and subsequently through the highly successful sale of the Carling Brewers business to Coors for £1.2 billion in December 2001. Interbrew's EBIT in the UK is now nearly twice as big as before these additions. Moreover, our UK business achieved a market share of 16%, with a fast-growing premium portfolio poised for continued growth, and number 1 position in Scotland. The net investment in the UK is £1.5 billion for a business generating EBITDA of £170 million in 2001, representing an overall acquisition multiple of 8.8.

In view of the move to IAS compliant accounting, Interbrew has made a reversal of part of the \in 1,235million non cash charge taken in Jan 2001. The capture of some synergies from the retention of Scotland and Northern Ireland businesses and the good sale price for the Carling Brewers business leads to a reversal of \in 360million. De-merger costs for the retained business, disposal costs and fees for the Carling Brewers sale, and prudent deal-related provisions leads to an extraordinary charge of approximately \in 199 million. Therefore, this results in a net extraordinary reversal of impairment of \in 161 million.

Interbrew also made a significant entry into the German beer market with the acquisitions of Diebels, a strong domestic speciality beer, and Beck & Co, with Beck's as the preeminent international premium lager. Beck's provides a superb international brand in attractive markets, differentiated from Interbrew's existing portfolio. Financing and tax benefits make it an ideal platform to lead consolidation in Germany. Significant synergy benefits such as the complementarity with the existing Labatt USA, Diebels and other export businesses are being investigated by 21 integration teams.

External growth provided by such acquisitions as Whitbread Beer Company, Diebels and Rogan have created value during 2001, showing Interbrew's determination to make value creating acquisition moves. Price and mix improvements in existing Interbrew businesses generated organic net turnover growth of about 8% from an organic volume growth of only 1.6%, highlighting strong value growth.

These successes are reflected in the significant 38% increase of the gross dividend per share paid. The gross dividend amounts to €0.29 per share.

All regions delivered strong performance

In *Western Europe*, Interbrew saw market share improvement in all markets except France. The acquisition of Diebels (consolidated from September 2001) and Beck & Co (not yet consolidated) show Interbrew's continued commitment to this important region. Interbrew achieved an 18% organic EBITDA growth in Western Europe, with net turnover increasing by almost 18% and volumes increasing by 8%. Jupiler exhibited growth, and Stella Artois continued its strong double-digit growth, with excellent UK performance.

In *North America*, volumes increased organically by 3%, while growth in net turnover and EBITDA were both solid, increasing by 8% and 6% respectively. In Canada, the Oland Specialty Beer Company kept its momentum and Interbrew's reinforced position in Cuba gives a well-balanced exposure to growth potential. Labatt USA imports continue to outperform the US import segment.

In the *Emerging Markets*, the organic growth in net turnover was a strong 15%, mainly fuelled by Interbrew's continued focus on attractive mix and an organic volume growth of



4%. Organic EBITDA growth was an outstanding 27%. Again, these results underline Interbrew's drive for growing value rather than volume. Croatia, Hungary and the Czech Republic exhibited excellent performances in Central Europe. In Eastern Europe improvements in mix created value growth with our Russian prices averaging €35 per HI; those in the Ukraine have risen to €22 per HI and have significant potential. Krym was divested and Rogan acquired. Finally in Asia, integration is underway in South Korea leading to excellent financial results. Cass continued its strong growth. An option agreement was put in place to acquire the remainder of the business as of 2004.

-	-	-			
	2000	Organic Growth	Scope changes	Currency impact	2001
Western Europe					
Volume ⁽¹⁾	23.1	(0.1)	2.0	0.0	25.0
Net Turnover (Eur m)	2,131	104	286	(17)	2,504
EBITDA (Eur m)	381	69	(36)	(1)	413
EBIT (Eur m)	209	77	(61)	(1)	224
North America					
Volume ⁽¹⁾	14.2	0.4	0.0	0.0	14.6
Net Turnover (Eur m)	1,689	157	0	(16)	1,830
EBITDA (Eur m)	407	35	(9)	(4)	429
EBIT (Eur m)	274	50	(9)	(3)	312
Emerging Markets					
Volume ⁽¹⁾	26.0	1.1	4.2	0.0	31.3
Net Turnover (Eur m)	1,142	129	95	(55)	1,311
EBITDA (Eur m)	281	76	(3)	(16)	338
EBIT (Eur m)	107	71	(8)	(8)	162

Segment information (excl Bass)

⁽¹⁾ Million HL, excl. Femsa and exports

Adopting International Accounting Standards

The move to IAS impacts some financial measures, most notably 2000 EPS and EBIT. EPS before goodwill amortization is restated from \in 1.21 to \in 1.04; IAS compliance for the treatment of IPO costs, the capital gain on treasury shares and deferred taxes generate movement from the P&L to the balance sheet. In general, non-recurring one-time charges are no longer reported below the operating result, but are now above EBIT. In addition, the fully diluted number of shares is slightly reduced under IAS definitions, but the impact of this is minimal.

Targets and Outlook

Barring unforeseen circumstances, Interbrew remains on track to meet its longer-term objectives. Interbrew reiterates its target of double-digit average annual growth in EPS before goodwill amortisation from 2000 to 2004, irrespective of scope changes and acquisition activity.



Shareholders' agenda

Live webcast of full-year 2001 results presentation

In line with Interbrew's commitment to equivalence of information for all shareholders, the presentation of the full-year 2001 results to sell-side analysts shall be webcast live on Interbrew's website <u>www.interbrew.com</u> on 13th March 2002 at 15.00 CET (09.00 New York time). The webcast will remain accessible in the video archive.

Publication of 2001 Annual Report and General Shareholders Meeting

On 25th March 2002, Interbrew's Annual Report 2001 and Statistical Review 1996-2001 will be available on <u>www.interbrew.com</u>. A printed version of the annual report will be available from 12th April 2002.

On 30th April 2002, Interbrew will hold its General Shareholders Meeting, followed by a press briefing.

Dividend Payment

Interbrew will pay its dividend to shareholders on 2nd May 2002.

Future financial results communications

On 4th September 2002, Interbrew's half-year 2002 results will be published. On 28th October 2002, Interbrew will publish its 9 months trading update. On 12th March 2003, Interbrew's full-year 2002 results will be published.

Additional information

Pictures for media use can be downloaded from the corporate news section on <u>www.interbrew.com</u>.

Interbrew - The World's Local Brewer[©]

Interbrew is the second largest brewer in the world in terms of volume. The company is headquartered in Belgium and employs over 37,000 people worldwide. The strategy of Interbrew, The World's Local Brewer©, is to build strong local platforms in the major beer markets around the world. In the markets where it operates, Interbrew is respectful of the local heritage and tradition of the beer industry and helps the local management grow its business. "The World's Local Brewer©" strategy is based on four pillars: first strengthening the local brands (in many cases market leaders), thereafter introducing international premium and specialty brands including Stella Artois®, Beck's®, Hoegaarden®, Leffe®, Bass® Ale. Interbrew both brings considerable best practices to its local platforms and also continues to develop the local operations both organically and through selective acquisitions. In total, more than 200 Interbrew brands are sold in over 120 countries. Detailed information on Interbrew can be consulted at <u>www.interbrew.com</u>.

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Consolidated Income Statement

	Expressed in million euro 2000 IAS IAS 2000 2			2001	
	As repor- ted	Restate- ment	Reclassi- fication	IAS	IAS
Turnover ^(*) Changes in inventories of finished	8,000		(2,343)	5,657	7,303
goods and work in progress. Other operating income	(19) 186		51	(19) 237	(16) 215
Operating income			(2,292)	5,875	7,502
Raw materials and consumables	4,281		(2,343)	1,938	2,428
Services and other goods Payroll and related benefits	1,542 1,010	1		1,543 1,010	2,038 1,264
Depreciation and amortisation Inventory provisions and bad	482 23	(1)	62	544 22	570 23
Debt expense Increase (decrease) in provisions	(30)	(1)	31	-	-
Amortisation/impairment of goodwill	72		7	79	80
Other operating expenses Operating expenses	<u>143</u> 7,523	(1)	<u> </u>	<u>206</u> 5,342	<u> </u>
Operating profit/(loss)		<u>1</u>	(112)	533	884
Financial income	292		(94)	198	181
Financial expenses Share of associated companies	(585) 59	(3) (9)	132	(456) 50	(357) 67
Profit/(loss) before tax Income tax expense	410 16	(11) 47	(74)	325 75	775 179
Profit/(loss) after tax Minority interests	394 21	(58)	(86)	250 21	596 (59)
Extraordinary items	415 (1,325)	(58)	(86) 86	271 (1,235)	537 161
Net profit/(loss) for the period	(910)	(54)	(0)	(964)	698
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	(2.73) (2.09)			(2.88) (2.81)	1.63 1.61
Earnings per share before goodwill	1.21			1.04	1.44
amortization (ordinary) Earnings per share before goodwill amortization (diluted)	0.92			1.02	1.42

(*) 2000 reported turnover is presented including excise duties for an amount of € 2,343million.



Consolidated Balance Sheet

	Express 2000 As reported	ed in millio IAS Restate- ment	n euro IAS Reclassi- fication	2000 IAS	2001 IAS
ASSETS					
<u>Non-current assets</u> Property Plant and Equipment Goodwill Intangible assets other than	3,725 2,738 59	(2)		3,725 2,738 57	3,800 3,145 114
goodwill Interest bearing loans & borrowings	-	-	15	15	14
Investments in associates Investment securities (non- current)	629	50	168	679 168	784 196
Deferred tax assets Employee benefits	162	(13)	158 252	145 252	149 310
Other financial assets Long-term receivables	163 	<u>(1)</u> 34	(163) (315) 115	- 426 8,205	- 405 8,917
<u>Current assets</u> Interest bearing loans granted					7
Investment securities (current) Inventories (current) Income tax receivable	452	37	29 31	29 489 31	- 556 76
Trade and other receivables Prepayments and deferred expenses	1,692 143	-	(1) (143)	1,691	1,944
Short-term investments Cash and cash equivalents	399 <u>417</u> 3,103	37	(399) <u>368</u> (115)	- 785 3,025	- 401 2,984
Total assets	11,159	37 71		11,230	11,901



Consolidated Balance Sheet (continued)

	Expressed in million euro				
	2000 As reported	IAS Restate- ment	IAS Reclassi- fication	2000 IAS	2001 IAS
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
<u>Capital and reserves</u> Issued capital	329			329	332
Share premium	3,195			3,195	3,209
Reserves	385	67		452	525
Retained Earnings	(14)	13	91	90	752
Deferred government grants	4		(4)	-	
	3,899	80	87	4,066	4,818
Minority interest	416	(2)		414	497
Non-current liabilities Interest bearing loans and borrowings	2 752			2 752	2 006
(non-current)	2,753			2,753	2,006
Other long-term liabilities	172		(172)	-	-
Employee benefits			296	296	304
Pension and similar obligations	316		(316)	-	-
Deferred government grants			4	4	3
Trade and other payables (non- current)			4	4	6
Provisions other than pensions and					
similar obligations (non-current)	258	(27)	45	276	250
Deferred tax liabilities	230	21	(8)	243	276
Current liabilities	3,729	(6)	(147)	3,576	2,845
Current portion of long-term liabilities	835		(835)	-	-
Bank overdrafts	158		(36)	122	52
Interest bearing loans and borrowings			862	862	1,028
(current)					
Income tax payables			100	100	131
Trade and other payables	896		1,193	2,089	2,510
Provisions current			1	1	20
Social and tax liabilities	846		(846)	-	-
Other payables	193	(1)	(193)		
Accrued charges and deferred income	187	(1)	(186)	- 3,174	3,741
Total liabilities	<u>3,115</u> 11,159	<u>(1)</u> 71	60	11,230	11,901
		/1		11,230	11,901



Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

	2000 IAS	2001 IAS
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net profit/(loss) from ordinary activities	271	537
Depreciation	451	550
Amortization	100	100
(Reversal of) Write-offs non current and current assets	28	1
(Reversal of) Impairment losses	71	-
Foreign exchange losses/(gains)	9	(14)
Interest income	(29)	(38)
Investment income	(32)	(43)
Interest expense	267	218
Investment expense	-	32
Loss/(gain) on discontinuing operations	-	-
Loss/(gain) on sale of plant and equipment	-	19
Loss/(gain) on sale of intangible assets	-	(5)
Deferred government grants	(1)	-
Income tax expense	75	179
Income from associates	(50)	(67)
Minority interests	(21)	5 9
Operating profit before changes in WC and provisions	1,139	1,528
Decrease/(Increase) in trade and other receivables	19	(138)
Decrease/(Increase) in inventories	(61)	(51)
Increase/(Decrease) in trade and other payables	8 9	105
Increase/(Decrease) in provisions	9	(95)
Cash generated from the operations	1,195	1,349
Interest paid	(251)	(211)
Interest received	2 0	` 33
Dividends received	24	34
Income tax paid/received	(117)	(145)
Cash flows before extraordinary activities	871	1,060
Extraordinary item (net of tax)	-	, (7)
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	871	1,053
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of plant and equipment	59	65
Proceeds from sale of intangible assets	3	7
Proceeds from sale of investments	205	34
Repayments of loans granted	-	4
Sale of subsidiary, net of cash disposed of	-	13
Acquisition of subsidiary, net of cash acquired	(4,445)	(148)
Acquisition of plant and equipment	(465)	(535)
Acquisition of intangible assets	(22)	(24)
Development expenditure		
Acquisition of investment property		
Acquisition of other investments	(65)	(43)
Payments of loans granted	(402)	(13)
Extraordinary item (net of tax)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(5,132)	(640)



3,224	17
5,647	421
143	-
(4,223)	(1,057)
-	(7)
(117)	-
(80)	(106)
4,594	(732)
333	(319)
321	663
9	5
663	349
	5,647 143 (4,223) (117) (80) 4,594 333 321 9